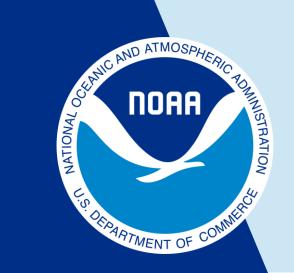
# NOAA Climate Science and Services Monthly Climate Update



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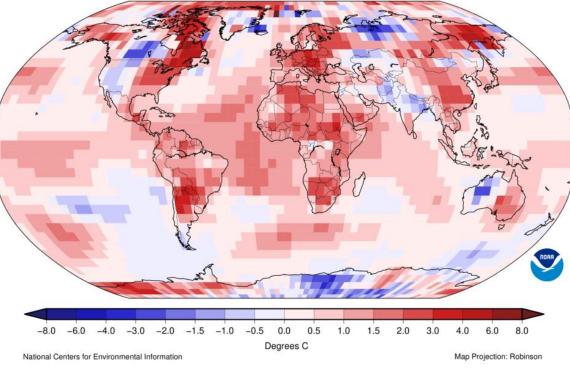
March 2024

#### March 2024 Global Temperature

The global temperature record dates back to 1850 (175 years)

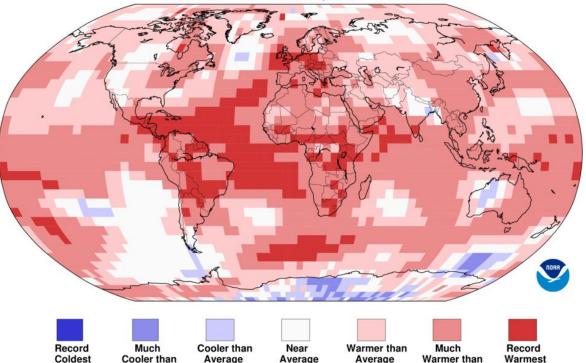
Land & Ocean Temperature Departure from Average Mar 2024 (with respect to a 1991–2020 base period)

Data Source: NOAAGlobalTemp v6.0.0–20240408



Land & Ocean Temperature Percentiles Mar 2024
NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information

Data Source: NOAAGlobalTemp v6.0.0-20240408

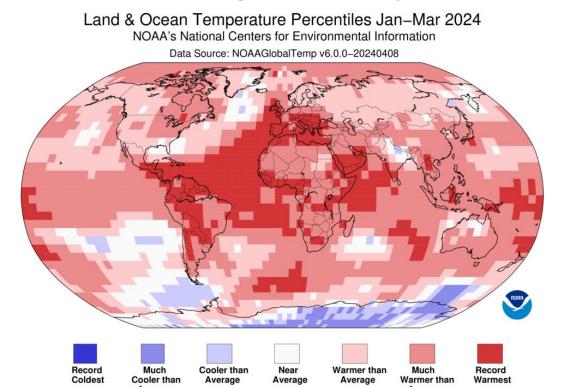


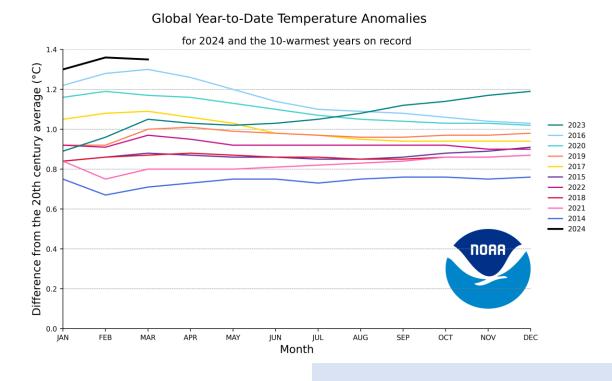
- Global Land & Ocean: +1.35°C/+2.43°F; warmest for March on record
- Global Land-only: +2.09°C/+3.76°F; 4<sup>th</sup> warmest for March on record
- Global Ocean-only: +1.01°C/+1.82°F; warmest for March on record



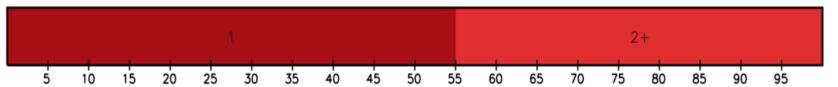
## January-March 2024 Global Temperature

The global temperature record dates back to 1850 (175 years)





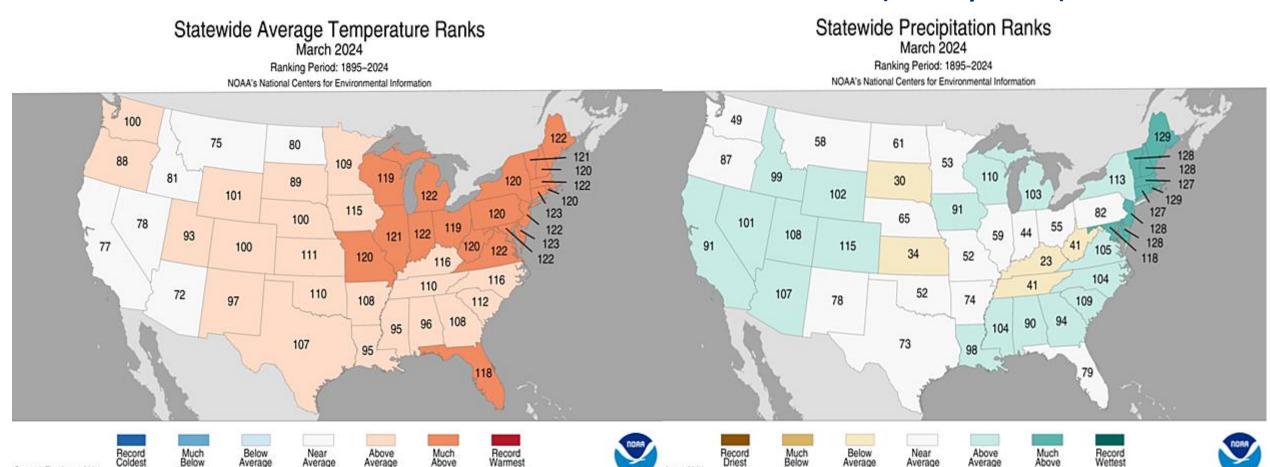
Global Land & Ocean: +1.35°C/+2.43°F; warmest for Jan-Mar on record



55% chance 2024 will be warmest year on record

99% chance 2024 will be a top 5 year

# Contiguous U.S. March 2024 The U.S. record dates back to 1895 (130 years)



- Temperature: 45.1°F/+3.6°F; **17**<sup>th</sup> warmest
- Precipitation: 2.85 inches/+0.34 inch; above average



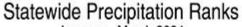
#### Contiguous U.S. January-March 2024 The U.S. record dates back to 1895 (130 years)

#### Statewide Average Temperature Ranks

January - March 2024

Ranking Period: 1895-2024

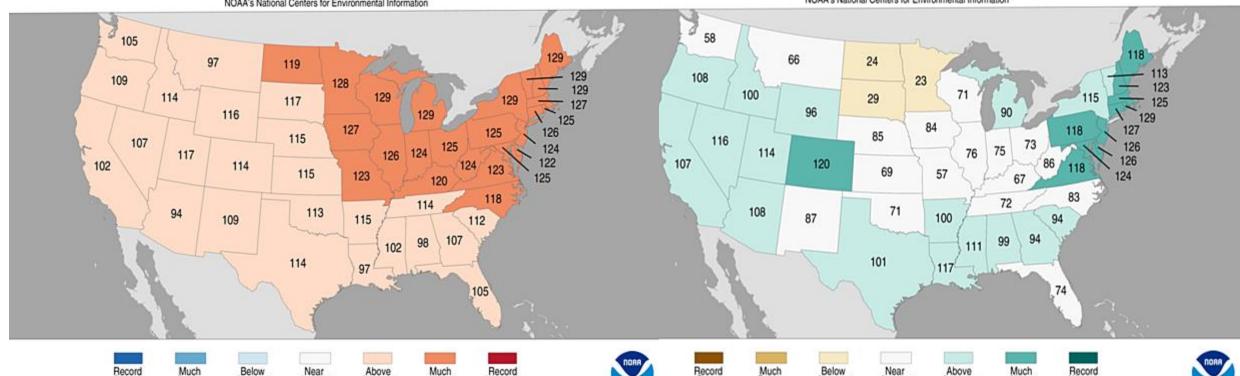
NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



January - March 2024

Ranking Period: 1895-2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



- **Temperature:** 39.4°F/+4.2°F; **5**<sup>th</sup> warmest
- Precipitation: 8.15 inches/+1.19 inches; 10<sup>th</sup> wettest



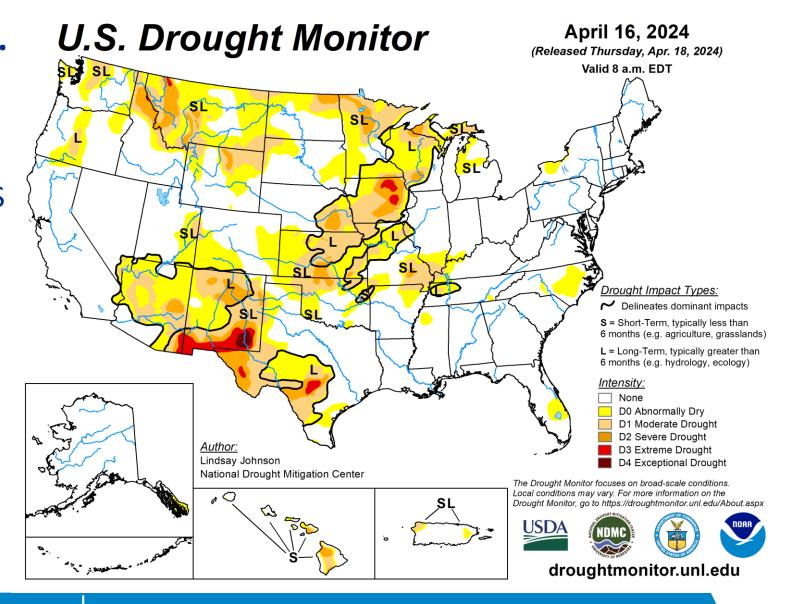
Source: nClimGrid - Monthly

#### Current U.S. Drought

17.9% of the contiguous U.S. is in drought (down nearly 4% since early March)

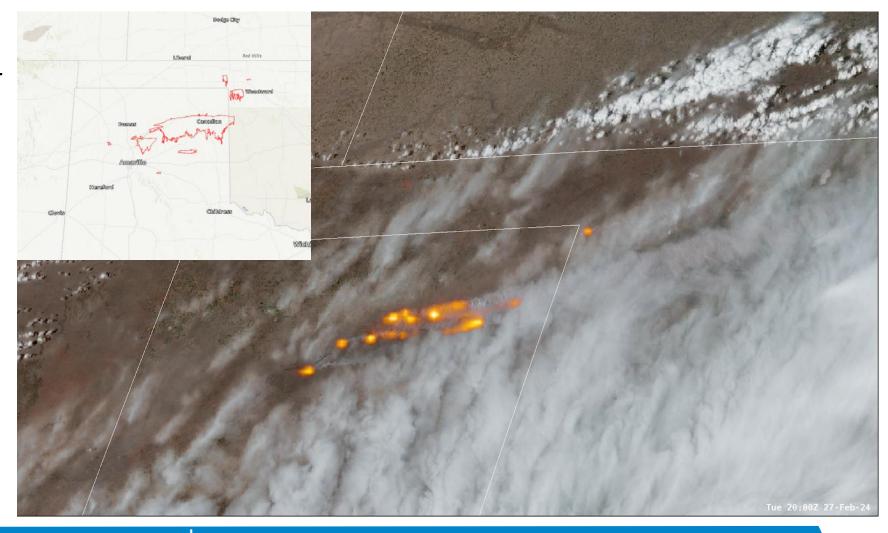
- Drought conditions
   lessened/diminished: lower MS
   Valley, Upper Midwest,
   Midwest, n Great Lakes, n
   Rockies, Southwest
- Drought conditions
   expanded/intensified: c Plains,
   sw Texas
- Outside the contiguous U.S.:
   Drought coverage lessened across Puerto Rico and expanded across portions of HI

   (Maui)



### Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Preliminary Information

- 41 Wildfires
  - Smokehouse Creek 1,058,482 ac
  - Windy Duece –144,045 ac
  - Catesby 89,688 ac
  - Grape Vine Creek –34,883 ac
  - Slapout 26,020 ac
- Preliminary Total across TX and OK: 1,392,022 acres





## Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Preliminary Impacts

- 400+ structures destroyed
- 9 injuries
- 2 fatalities
- Thousands of livestock perished



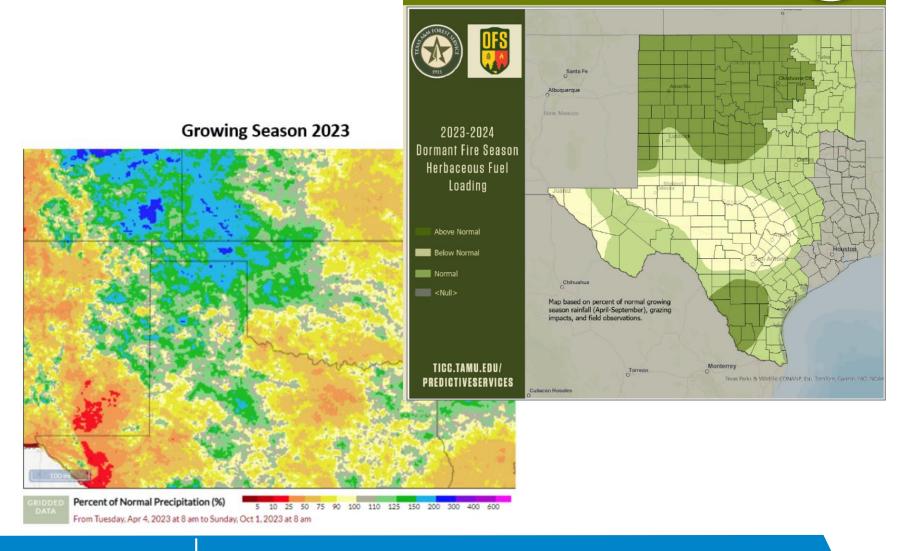






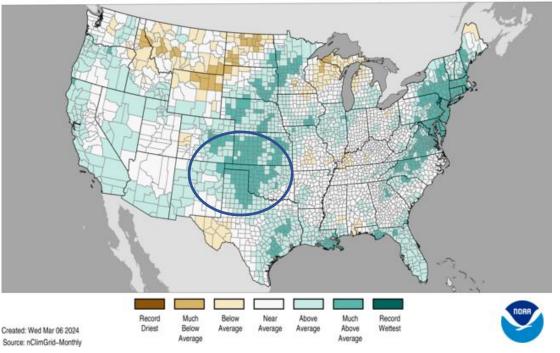
## Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Fuel Loading

- A very wet May and June led to above normal fuel loading
- Fine fuels (grasses)
   are dominant across
   the Texas
   Panhandle, but the
   Canadian River
   Valley includes
   Juniper, Mesquite,
   and Cottonwoods

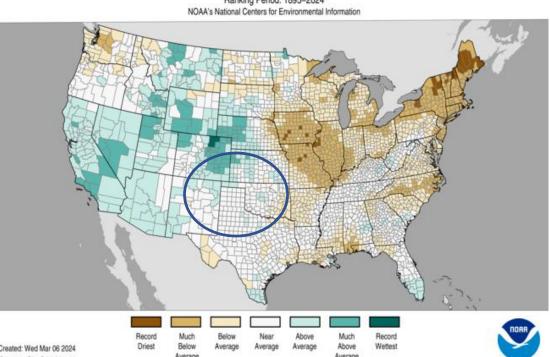


### Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Winter Precipitation

# County Precipitation Ranks December 2023–February 2024 Ranking Period: 1895–2024 NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information







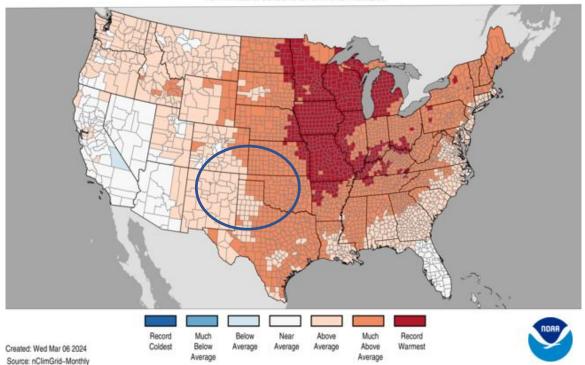
Above normal precipitation was dominated by a widespread rain event in December. However, snow was observed as recently as Feb 11<sup>th</sup>, but amounts were light over the burn sites.



### Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Temperature Anomalies

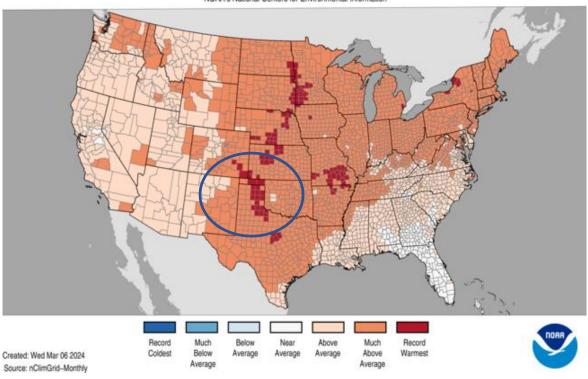
#### County Maximum Temperature Ranks February 2024 Ranking Period: 1895-2024

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information



#### County Minimum Temperature Ranks February 2024

Ranking Period: 1895–2024 NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information

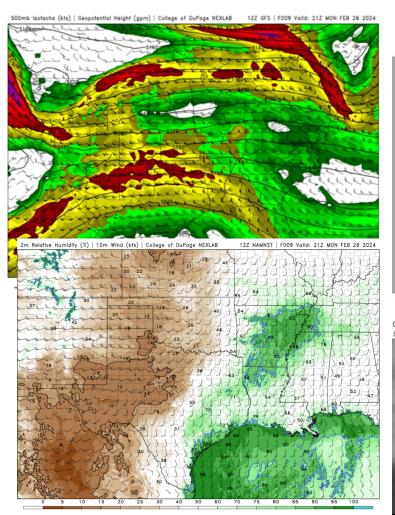


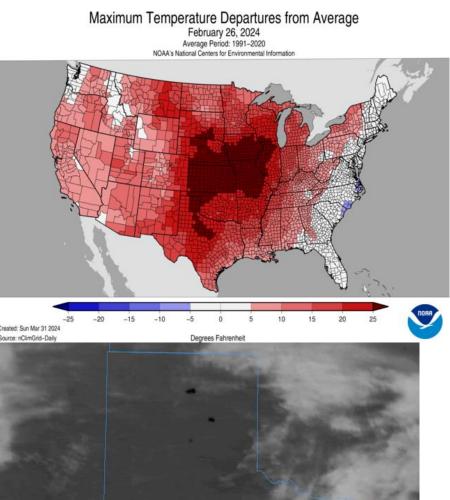
Above normal max temperatures and record warmest min temperatures promoted accelerated drying of fuels leading to Feb 26-27



## Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Meteorology

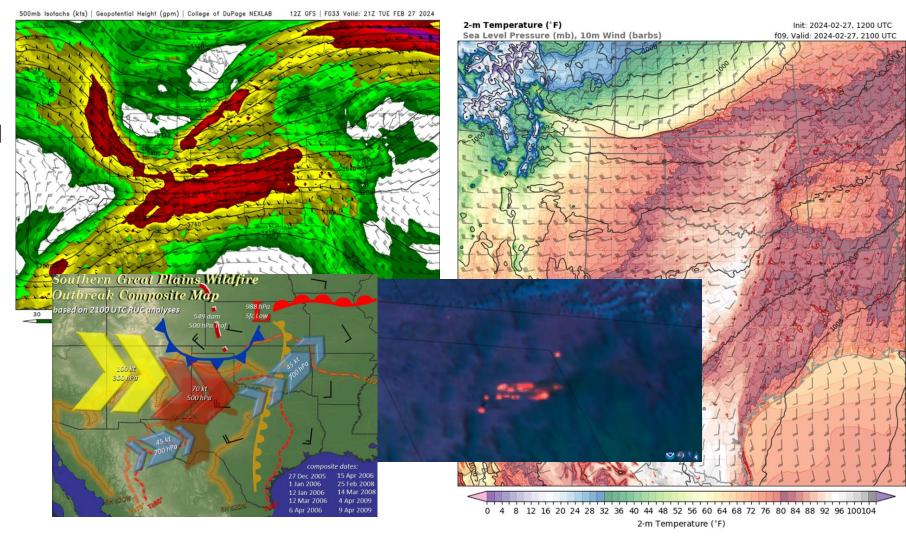
- While not a typical outbreak pattern, an ingredients-based approach suggested critical fire weather Feb 26<sup>th</sup>
  - 50-60 mph wind gusts
  - Relative humidity around 15%
  - Max temperatures
     20-25 degrees F
     above normal
  - Clouds were not as extensive as expected





## Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Meteorology

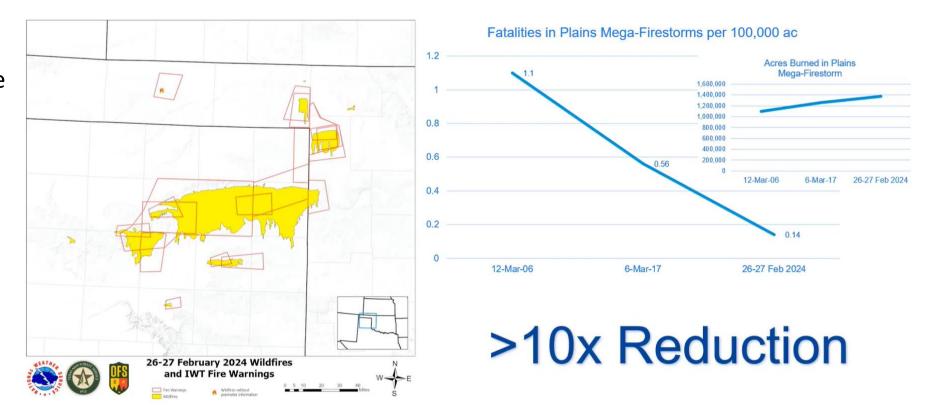
- Feb 27<sup>th</sup> would see an increase in winds, but slightly cooler temperatures, yet overall pattern had more similarities to a classic outbreak scenario
  - 60-70 mph wind gusts
  - Relative humidity around 15%
  - Significant wind shift with cold front in the afternoon
  - Cloud cover was only potential failure mode, but did not materialize once again





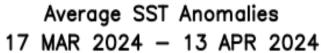
### Feb 26-27, 2024 Southern Great Plains Firestorm – Integrated Team Fire Warnings

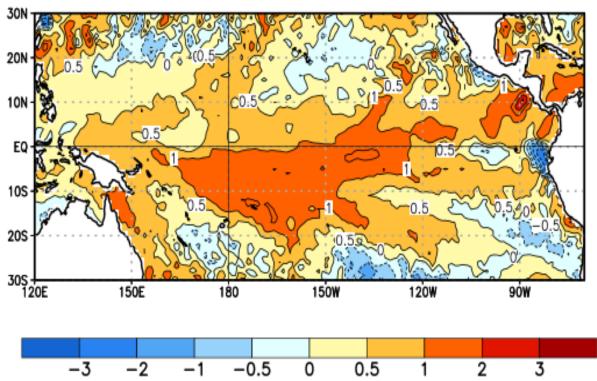
- An integrated warning team approach was used to issue fire warnings for the first time on this scale
- The increased communication lead to faster issuance of fire warnings and evacuation notices based on results from previous fires, undoubtably saved lives (>10x Reduction in fatality rate)



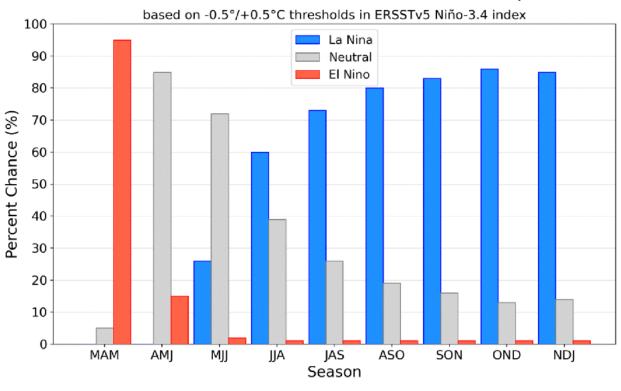


#### Sea Surface Temperatures and ENSO



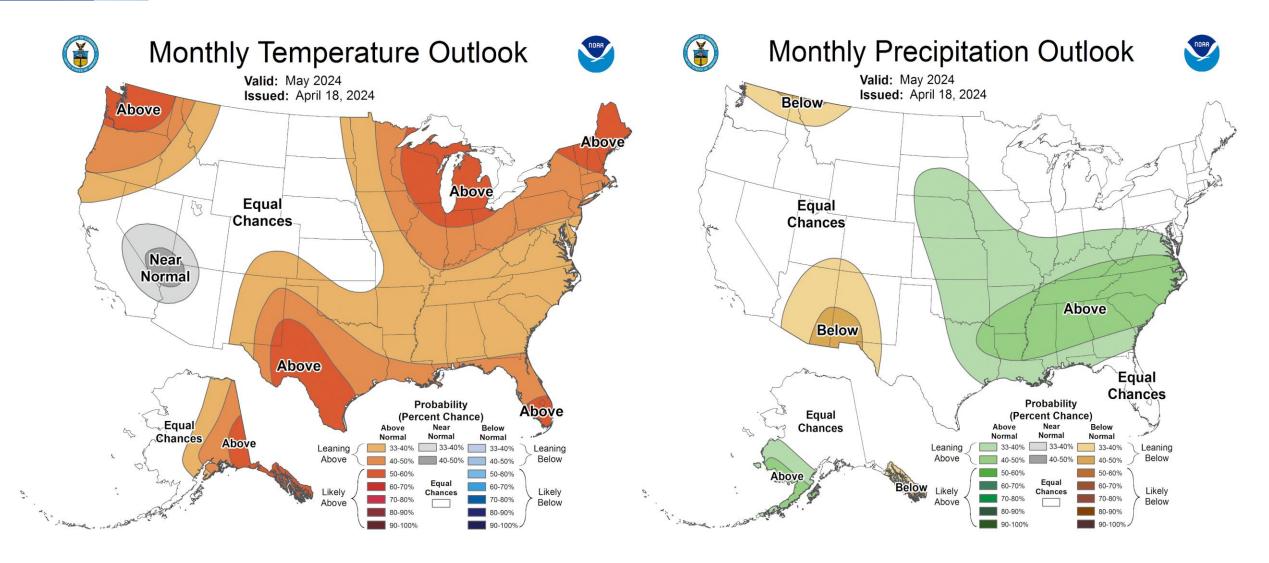


#### Official NOAA CPC ENSO Probabilities (issued Apr. 2024)



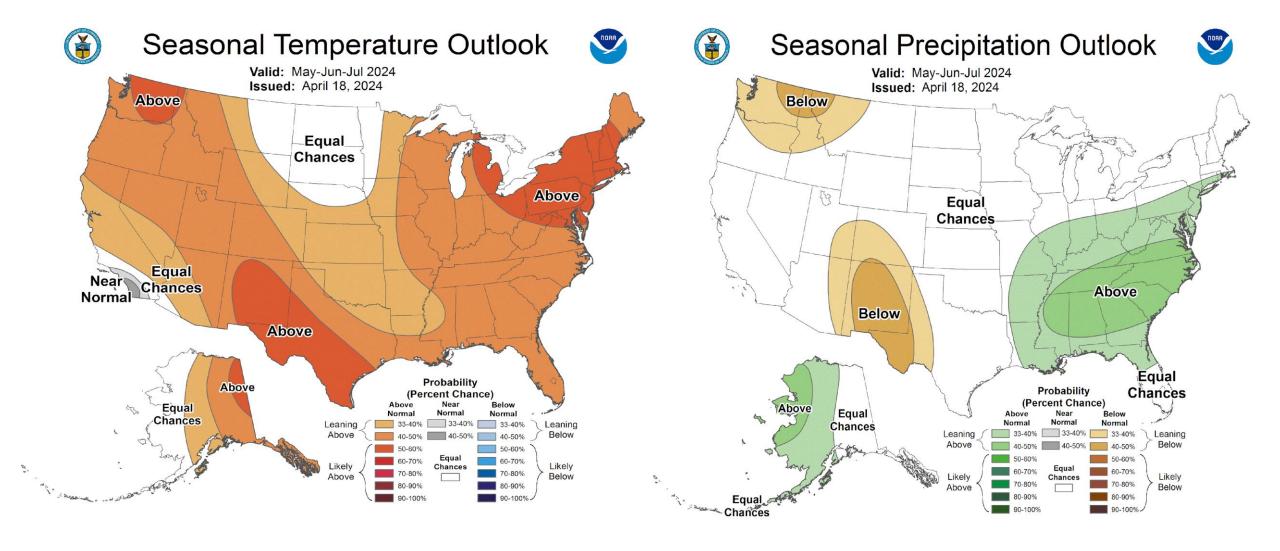


#### Monthly Forecast (May)



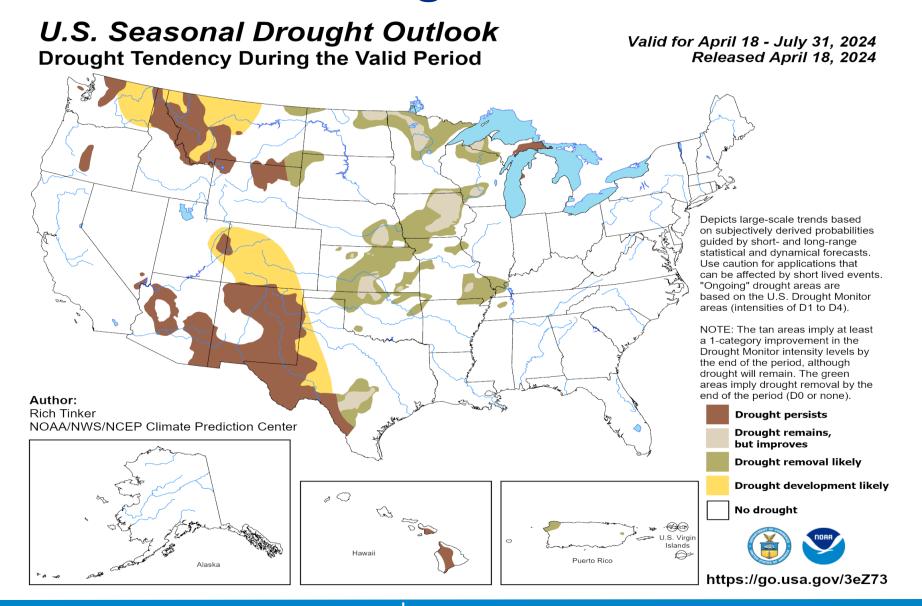


#### Three-Month Forecast (May, Jun, Jul)





#### **Drought Outlook**





#### For More Information

#### **Today's presentation:**

• <a href="https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/monthly-report/briefings">https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/monthly-report/briefings</a>

NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information: <a href="https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/">www.ncei.noaa.gov/</a>

- Monthly climate reports (U.S. & Global): <a href="https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/monthly-report/">https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/monthly-report/</a>
- Dates for upcoming reports: <a href="https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/dyk/monthly-releases">https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/dyk/monthly-releases</a>

NOAA's Climate Prediction Center: <a href="www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov">www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov</a>

U.S. Drought Monitor: www.drought.gov

Climate portal: www.climate.gov

NOAA media contacts: john.jones-bateman@noaa.gov, 202-424-0929 (NOAA/NESDIS PAO)

