

<b>Dataset Expocode</b>	<b>316420221012</b>
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<b>Dataset</b>	<b>Funding Info:</b> NOAA <b>Initial Submission (yyyymmdd):</b> 12/17/2023 <b>Revised Submission (yyyymmdd):</b>
<b>Campaign/Cruise</b>	<b>Expocode:</b> 316420221012 <b>Campaign/Cruise Name:</b> <b>Campaign/Cruise Info:</b> <b>Platform Type:</b> <b>CO2 Instrument Type:</b> <b>Survey Type:</b> Moored Buoy <b>Vessel Name:</b> <b>Vessel Owner:</b> <b>Vessel Code:</b> TAO170W0N
<b>Coverage</b>	<b>Start Date (yyyymmdd):</b> 20221012 <b>End Date (yyyymmdd):</b> 20230922 <b>Westernmost Longitude:</b> 170.044 W <b>Easternmost Longitude:</b> 169.998 W <b>Northernmost Latitude:</b> 0.013 N <b>Southernmost Latitude:</b> 0.019 S
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Name:</b> Date Time <b>Unit:</b> <b>Description:</b> Date and Time (UTC)
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Name:</b> xCO2 SW (wet) <b>Unit:</b> <b>Description:</b> (umol/mol) Mole fraction of CO2 in air in equilibrium with the seawater at sea surface temperature and measured humidity.
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Name:</b> CO2 SW QF <b>Unit:</b> <b>Description:</b> Flag for xCO2 sw (wet)
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Name:</b> H2O SW <b>Unit:</b> <b>Description:</b> (mmol/mol) Mole fraction of H2O in air from equilibrator.
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Name:</b> xCO2 Air (wet) <b>Unit:</b> <b>Description:</b> umol/mol) Mole fraction of CO2 in air from airblock, 4 feet above the sea surface at measured humidity.
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Name:</b> CO2 Air QF

**Unit:**  
**Description:** Quality Flag for xCO<sub>2</sub> Air (wet)

**Variable**

**Name:** H<sub>2</sub>O Air

**Unit:**

**Description:** (mmol/mol) Mole fraction of H<sub>2</sub>O in air from airblock, 4 feet above the sea surface.

**Variable**

**Name:** Licor Atm Pressure

**Unit:**

**Description:** (hPa) Atmospheric pressure at the airblock, 4 feet above the sea surface.

**Variable**

**Name:** Licor Temp

**Unit:**

**Description:** (C) Temperature of the Infrared Licor 820 in degrees Celsius.

**Variable**

**Name:** MAPCO<sub>2</sub> %O<sub>2</sub>

**Unit:**

**Description:** The percent oxygen of the surface seawater divided by the percent oxygen of the atmosphere at 4 feet above the sea surface. Disclaimer: The oxygen measurement is made in the equilibrated air. We have found that the oxygen does not come to complete equilibrium so any rapid changes in oxygen do not get properly captured using this system. Therefore, we tend to use the oxygen data only as a qualitative sense of the biology. It is not a quantitative measure.

**Variable**

**Name:** SST

**Unit:**

**Description:** (C) Sea Surface Temperature.

**Variable**

**Name:** Salinity

**Unit:**

**Description:** (PSU) Sea Surface Salinity.

**Variable**

**Name:** xCO<sub>2</sub> SW (dry)

**Unit:**

**Description:** (umol/mol) Mole fraction of CO<sub>2</sub> in air in equilibrium with the seawater at sea surface temperature (dry air).

**Variable**

**Name:** xCO<sub>2</sub> Air (dry)

**Unit:**

**Description:** (umol/mol) Mole fraction of CO<sub>2</sub> in air at the airblock, 4 feet above the sea surface (dry air).

**Variable**

**Name:** fCO<sub>2</sub> SW (sat)

**Unit:**

**Description:** (uatm) Fugacity of CO<sub>2</sub> in air in equilibrium with the seawater at sea surface temperature (100% humidity). Since the measurements are taken at the sea surface, warming calculations are not necessary.

**Variable**

**Name:** fCO<sub>2</sub> Air (sat)

**Unit:**

**Description:** (uatm) Fugacity of CO<sub>2</sub> in air at the airblock, 4 feet above the sea surface (100% humidity).

**Variable**

**Name:** dfCO<sub>2</sub>

**Unit:**

**Description:** Difference of the fugacity of the CO<sub>2</sub> in seawater and the fugacity of the CO<sub>2</sub> in air (fCO<sub>2</sub> SW - fCO<sub>2</sub> Air).

**Variable**

**Name:** pCO<sub>2</sub> SW (wet)

**Unit:**

**Description:** (uatm) Partial Pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> in air in equilibrium with the seawater at sea surface temperature (100% humidity)

**Variable**

**Name:** pCO<sub>2</sub> Air (wet)

**Unit:**

**Description:** (uatm) Partial Pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> in air at the airblock, 4 feet above the sea surface (100% humidity).

**Variable**

**Name:** dpCO<sub>2</sub>

**Unit:**

**Description:** Difference of the partial pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> in seawater and air (pCO<sub>2</sub> SW - pCO<sub>2</sub> Air)

**Sea Surface  
Temperature**

**Location:** 1m

**Manufacturer:** SeaBird

**Model:** SBE 37

**Accuracy:** < 0.01 (°C if units not given)

**Precision:** (°C if units not given)

**Calibration:** ~ Annually by SeaBird

**Comments:** Temperature data are internally recorded and collected during the equilibration period. Data are not post-calibrated. Annual drift for this deployment was minimal and does not impact the fCO<sub>2</sub> and pCO<sub>2</sub> calculations (within the degree of accuracy of the CO<sub>2</sub> measurement). Contact us if you would like the CTD post-calibration information. Sea Surface Temperature collected by NOAA/PMEL/TAO provide internally recorded SST data at 10 minute resolution. The sea surface temperature collected during the equilibration period is reported in this dataset. NOAA/PMEL/TAO advises to check the TAO website at the time of use for the most accurate data available.

**Sea Surface Salinity**

**Location:** 1m

**Manufacturer:** SeaBird

**Model:** SBE 37

**Accuracy:** < 0.05

**Precision:**

**Calibration:** ~ Annually by SeaBird

**Comments:** Conductivity data are internally recorded and collected during the equilibration period. Data are not post-calibrated. Annual drift for this deployment was minimal and does not impact the fCO<sub>2</sub> and pCO<sub>2</sub> calculations (within the degree of accuracy of the CO<sub>2</sub> measurement). Contact us if you would like the CTD post-calibration information. Sea Surface Salinity collected by NOAA/PMEL/TAO provide internally recorded SSS data at 10 minute resolution. The sea surface temperature collected during the equilibration period is reported in this dataset. NOAA/PMEL/TAO advises to check the TAO website at the time of use for the most accurate data available.

**Atmospheric  
Pressure**

**Location:**

**Normalized to Sea Level:**

**Manufacturer:**

**Model:**

**Accuracy:** (hPa if units not given)

**Precision:** (hPa if units not given)

**Calibration:****Comments:****Atmospheric CO2****Measured/Frequency:** yes, 3hr cycle**Intake Location:** unused**Drying Method:** unused**Atmospheric CO2 Accuracy:** 1 uatm**Atmospheric CO2 Precision:** 0.6 uatm**Aqueous CO2****Equilibrator Design****System Manufacturer:****Intake Depth:** 14cm - 20cm**Intake Location:****Equilibration Type:** Bubble Equilibrator**Equilibrator Volume (L):** N/A**Headspace Gas Flow Rate (ml/min):** ~600 cc/min**Equilibrator Water Flow Rate (L/min):** N/A**Equilibrator Vented:** Yes**Equilibration Comments:****Drying Method:****Aqueous CO2****Sensor Details****Measurement Method:** Absolute, non-dispersive infrared (NDIR) gas analyzer**Method details:****Manufacturer:** Licor**Model:** LI-820**Measured CO2 Values:****Measurement Frequency:** 3hr cycle**Aqueous CO2 Accuracy:** 2 uatm**Aqueous CO2 Precision:** 0.7 uatm**Sensor Calibrations:**

**Calibration of Calibration Gases:** At the beginning of each sample, the instrument self-calibrates using a zero and high standard. The zero standard is generated by cycling a small amount of air through a soda lime chamber. The high standard is from a cylinder of calibrated standard reference gas, 543.8  $\mu\text{mol/mol}$ , from ESRL. ESRL standards are traceable to WMO x93 scale with a stated reproducibility of 0.06 micromole/mole. For more information on estimates of accuracy and precision of the MAPCO2 system, see Sutton et al. 2014 (reference below).

**Number Non-Zero Gas Standards:****Calibration Gases:**

NOAA Earth System Research &amp; Laboratory (ESRL)

**Comparison to Other CO2 Analyses:****Comments:****Method Reference:**

Sutton, A.J., Sabine, C.L., Maenner-Jones, S., Lawrence-Slavas, N., Meinig, C., Feely, R.A., Mathis, J.T., Musielewicz, S., Bott, R., McLain, P.D., Fought, J., Kozyr, A., 2014b. A high-frequency atmospheric and seawater pCO<sub>2</sub> data set from 14 open ocean sites using a moored autonomous system. Earth Sys. Sci. Data, 6, doi: 10.5194/essd-6-353-2014, 353-366.

**Equilibrator****Temperature Sensor****Location:****Manufacturer:****Model:****Accuracy:** (°C if units not given)**Precision:** (°C if units not given)

**Calibration:**

**Comments:**

**Equilibrator  
Pressure Sensor**

**Location:**

**Manufacturer:**

**Model:**

**Accuracy:** (hPa if units not given)

**Precision:** (hPa if units not given)

**Calibration:**

**Comments:**

**Other Sensor**

**Description:**

**Manufacturer:** Sensirion Humidity Sensor

**Model:** SHT71

**Accuracy:** > 0.01%

**Precision:**

**Calibration:** Factory calibrated before purchase.

**Comments:**

**Other Sensor**

**Description:**

**Manufacturer:** Wet Labs

**Model:** ECO FLNTUS

**Accuracy:**

**Precision:**

**Calibration:** ~ Annually by Wet Labs, Inc

**Comments:** The community-established calibration bias of 2 for the WET Labs ECO-series fluorometer was applied to these in situ fluorometric chlorophyll values (Roesler et al. 2017). Sensor resolution was provided by the manufacturer. The accuracy of fluorescence-based chlorophyll is unknown.

**Other Sensor**

**Description:**

**Manufacturer:** Wet Labs

**Model:** ECO FLNTUS

**Accuracy:**

**Precision:**

**Calibration:** ~ Annually by Wet Labs, Inc

**Comments:** Sensor resolution and uncertainty were provided by the manufacturer. The accuracy of optical-based turbidity is unknown.

**Additional  
Information**

**Suggested QC flag from Data Provider:**

**Additional Comments:** o All measurements are at sea surface temperature and atmospheric pressure. o During the equilibration cycle, a closed loop of air equilibrates with seawater for 10 minutes. Once the equilibration period is complete, the pump stops and the system opens to the atmosphere allowing the pressure to equilibrate with atmospheric pressure. Measurements are recorded for 30 seconds at 2 hertz and then averaged. o During the air cycle, fresh air is pumped through the detector for 1 minute. Once the pump stops, the system opens to the atmosphere allowing the pressure to equilibrate with atmospheric pressure. Measurements are recorded for 30 seconds at 2 hertz and then averaged. o The gas streams for both the air cycle and equilibrator cycle are partially dried before entering the detector. The values listed as wet xCO<sub>2</sub> generally have relative humidity levels ranging from 40 to 80 percent. The humidity levels increase over the course of a deployment. o Sampling occurs every 3 hours. The infrared detector is calibrated at the beginning of every sampling period. Averaged data and standard deviations for each measurement are transmitted back daily. o To

calculate the dry measurements, the water mole fraction in the Licor detector must be known. A relative humidity sensor is located immediately downstream of the detector. o As part of the QC process, each data set is compared with the Marine Boundary Layer (MBL) data from GlobalView-CO2. As part of the QC process, xCO2 air measurements are compared to the following data sets when available: previous MAPCO2 deployment if overlap on recovery/deployment, following MAPCO2 deployment if overlap on recovery/deployment, and Marine Boundary Layer (MBL) xCO2 air data from GlobalView-CO2. The available comparison data sets are in good agreement with the MAPCO2 air data and no adjustment was made. GLOBALVIEW-CO 2: Cooperative Atmospheric Data Integration Project - Carbon Dioxide. CD-ROM, NOAA ESRL, Boulder, Colorado [Also available on Internet via anonymous FTP to ftp.cmdl.noaa.gov, Path: ccg/co2/GLOBALVIEW], 2010 o During the QC process, an adjustment to the Licor pressure is also made based on each sensor's bias to barometric pressure as measured in the lab. This system has Licor pressure bias of +0.000 applied. o Post calculation and correlation between Licor temperature and span coefficient at cluster center 0 is: Licor coef =  $-0.001705 * \text{Temp} + 0.7834$ ,  $r^2 = 0.8898$  o No data = -999 o These data are made freely available to the public and the scientific community in the belief that their wide dissemination will lead to greater understanding and new scientific insights. The availability of these data does not constitute publication of the data. We rely on the ethics and integrity of the user to assure that PMEL receives fair credit for our work. Please send manuscripts using this data to PMEL for review before they are submitted for publication so we can insure that the quality and limitations of the data are accurately represented.

**Citation for this Dataset:**

Sutton, A., C. Sabine, S. Maenner, S. Musielewicz, R. Bott, and J. Osborne. 2013. High-resolution ocean and atmosphere pCO2 time-series measurements from mooring NH\_70W\_43N.

**Other References for this Dataset:**

None