Natural Geography In Shore Areas (NaGISA)

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1. 2006 ACCOMPLISHMENTS & SCIENTIFIC HIGHLIGHTS

The September 2005- September 2006 period saw NaGISA continue its march towards establishing a global presence and strengthening the network of nearshore researchers that will keep NaGISA going over its planed 50-year lifespan. The compilation of the NaGISA protocol handbook, the establishment of the History of the Near Shore Project and the preparations for hosting of the first international symposium on biodiversity were steps that highlight the growing sense of community and structure within NaGISA.

Specific accomplishments during this time include:

- 1) Over 25 new sites being sampled with the standardized NaGISA protocols, many of them in countries with no previous NaGISA affiliation.
- 2) The founding of the joint HMAP and NaGISA project History of the Near Shore, which endeavors to integrate past and present nearshore research.
- 3) Two international taxonomic workshops: A Marine Decapoda and Stromatopoda workshop held in Lombok, Indonesia, and an Algal workshop held in Vancouver Canada.
- 4) Four regional protocol workshops: For the South America region held in Caracas, Venezuela; for the Caribbean region held in Discovery Bay, Jamaica; for the Indian Ocean region held in Mombassa, Kenya; and for the European region held in Pisa, Italy.
- 5) The creation of a unique taxonomic database based on photographs <u>http://mar-inv.interface-design.jp/</u> made possible through our collaboration with the NPO Marine Learning Center.
- 6) The production of an aquatic nematode digital library including original descriptions and distribution patterns, a result of collaboration between NaGISA and the Global Taxonomy Initiative (GTI) and made available on the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF) portal site (http://www.gbif.net/).
- 7) Six university classes in Venezuela, USA & Japan had NaGISA sampling efforts integrated in to their field course work.
- 8) Further integration with high schools was made in America, Europe and Japan.
- 9) Including the unique chance of having Italian high school seniors join researchers from the University of Pisa at NaGISA sites in southern Italy.
- 10) American and Japanese exchange students take part in field work in Shirahama, Japan; Florida, USA; and Massachusetts, USA along with NaGISA researchers from all over the world.
- 11) Kyoto University researchers take three Japanese high school groups along to sample rocky shores and seagrass beds in Kesen'numa, Japan.

NaGISA was able to broaden its base by networking with NGOs, community groups and scientists. This global growth will be on display at the NaGISA symposium in Kobe, Japan in October 2006, where participants from around the world will present work from all levels and areas of nearshore benthic research on themes including: Patterns in biodiversity; Nearshore taxonomy of macrofauna, macroflora and meiofauna; Community ecology in rocky shore and seagrass habitats; and Long-term monitoring programs and community integrated marine research, all of which will allow of the inspiring mixing of people and the propagation of ideas, which are certain to ensure the future success of NaGISA.

2. SOCIETAL BENEFITS, IMPACT & APPLICATIONS

It is NaGISA's goal that our standardized protocols and automated techniques (for recognizing microscopic taxa, currently in the proposal phase) will be used by national ocean observing programs, marine ecosystem-based resource management programs, national marine educational programs and researchers around the world. The NaGISA protocols were created with the intention of being integrated into long-term monitoring efforts; the open door policy that underpins our approach to partnerships was created specifically to attract institutions and members that might not otherwise foster relationships with marine science.

The baseline data provided by NaGISA, both on local or global scales, will be able to be used as a starting point for any marine ecosystem-based resource management program or ocean monitoring program that wishes to move its knowledge-base towards shore. Reciprocal benefits, however, will be possible when future managers work alongside NaGISA researchers or with the data provided by NaGISA through its online database. The use of NaGISA data to improve project sightlines, the integration of standardized protocols into program designs and the set up of data in information feedback loops will strengthen nearshore research over a much broader spectrum than possible by individual projects alone.

Local scientific capacity building, a corner stone of the NaGISA approach, was originally included on the principle that it is of invaluable social benefit. Beyond that, it has become a source of vital human resources without which NaGISA could not survive. Working with the Global Taxonomic Initiative and the Japan Promotion of Science Multinational Research Project on Coastal Marine Science, NaGISA has made considerable headway in improving the taxonomic ability of Western Pacific countries through training workshops, graduate, postdoctoral and research programs. Individuals, institutes and disciplines have benefited through the publication of local guidebooks, scientific papers and information databases that have been the result of this effort. The NaGISA research approach: field protocols, the fundamentals of global research and concepts of biodiversity have been used in university level courses (South America, North America, Asia and Europe), included high school seminars (Asia, North America and Europe) and made public through open workshops (in all regions). The success in appealing to young minds has been astounding, not only have undergraduates responded by taking up graduate posts but also, with heavy community support high schools in both Japan and America have taken on the management of NaGISA sites. The youth oriented education program run by NaGISA is seen by the project as an essential part of ensuring the future of both the project and the state of nearshore marine science.

3. WORK PLANNED FOR 2007

Capacity Building & Education

- a) Taxonomic workshops scheduled:
 - Taxonomy and Ecology of Rhodolith beds, October 28-November 3rd Baja Mexico
 - Gastropoda and Polyplacophora, December 5-9th 2006 in Jakarta Indonesia Scalidophora, February 13-18th 2007 in Shirahama Japan
- b) Expansion of our high school team group: specifically scheduled to join us and run their own mini sites are: 4 schools in Florida and South Carolina USA and two schools in Honshu Japan.
- c) Development and installation of an aquarium display at the Kyoto University Aquarium for school and public education

- d) Participation in the university summer school course `integrated ecosystems from land to sea` offered by the National Universities of Japan.
- e) Increase in number the university classes using NaGISA monitoring efforts as part of their curriculum; Specifically in the USA and Canada through the work of EPAC and AO
- f) The creation and wide publication of scholarships and student exchanges offered in the felid of benthic taxonomic: Specifically with in the Indian Ocean region (south Africa and India), the western Pacific Japan and South Asia and in the USA

Global Project Maintenance and Expansion

- a) The promotion and use of NaGISA protocols as viable long-term monitoring programs in Japan, USA and Europe using the Marine Laboratory Associations of each area. First proposal to be made to NAML in September 2006 in Hawaii
- b) Hosting of the Nearshore Biodiversity Symposium (NaGISA World Conference) October 15-18th 2006 in Kobe, Japan, corresponding publication of conference proceedings
- c) NaGISA SSG Meeting in Kobe, Japan October 19th 2006
- d) The identification (November 2006) and funding (January-June 2007) of at least one Nearshore History Project pre region Funded out of NaGISA HQ and HMAP grants
- e) NaGISA Scalidophora, taxonomy workshop February 13-18th 2007 in Shirahama, Japan Supported by Nippon Foundation and Kyoto University
- f) Ensuring that HQ can participate in the activities laid out in this proposal: Creation of 2 (one research and one secretarial) positions at SMBL, Kyoto University for 4 years (April 1 2007 March 31 2011)
- g) Organizing the Second NaGISA World Conference- funding to be requested from Nippon Foundation October 30 2007
- h) Open appeals to international programs to request integration with NaGISA:
 - Appeal to IOC-IOI Forum on Capacity Development in Ocean Sciences and Oceanography: A presentation will be made at the East Asian Seas Congress in Haikou, China on 12-16th December on the mutual interest in Asian Scientific capacity building, the engagement of local communities and the promotion of marine worker monitoring programs
 - □ Appeal to the Nature Conservancy: A proposal for NaGISA to become an international partner for their Conservation by Design program June 2007
 - Global Seagrass Monitoring Network will be approached with a proposal for integration of datasets and promotional efforts, preliminary discussions in Kobe Japan in October
 - World Wildlife Fund's Global Marine Programme will be approached with a request to collaborate with their current effort to establish `a network of effectively managed, ecologically representative Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) covering at least 10% of the world's seas` July 2007
 - □ Integration NaGISA and the White Sea diving program run by the Russian WWF discussions scheduled for Kobe Japan in October 2006.

Scientific Publications and Promotion

- a) Publication of first papers on global assessment of single organisms:
 - Global assessment of Macroalgae (Konar & Benedetti-Cecchi);
 - Global assessment of Seagrasses (Mukai);
 - Barnacle geographic distribution (Benny Chan);
 - Biodiversity trends in Alaska (Konar, Iken);
 - Biodiversity trends in AK Arctic (Iken, Konar)

For Peer reviewed Papers expected in 2008 – 2010 see milestones7.a NaGISA's Tangible Outputs b) Public access to the NaGISA database via a separate project run web portal by August 2007

- c) Updated data transfer connection to be made with OBIS by June 2007
- d) Publication of a special edition of the Journal of the Seto Marine Biological Laboratory of selected papers on nearshore biodiversity. January/February 2007.
- e) Circulation of the NaGISA handbook, scheduled for printing in January 2007
- f) The continuing input of data (as it forms) into OBIS and the NaGISA database
- g) The creation of a nearshore historical records database in collaboration with HMAP to be started in June 2007.

h) Continued publication of the NaGISA newsletter and updates of the NaGISA website Regional Initiatives

EPAC:

- Expand and support CA coverage by involving more researchers in the area
- Involvement of marine centers belonging to Western Association of Marine Laboratories (WAML): co-run protocol/organization workshop in Friday Harbor Lab and conduct sampling
- Expand seagrass site coverage in EPAC region
- Initiate contacts in Washington (WA) to engage researchers in NaGISA proposal writing and sampling
- Follow up with suggestions given by the USA NIRC to have them look over our proposal to integrate NaGISA with American monitoring efforts
- Taxonomy and Ecology of Rhodolith beds workshop, October 28-November 3rd Baja Mexico
- Increase the number of university classes using NaGISA monitoring efforts as part of their curriculum; Specifically in the USA and Canada
- Confirmation of expansion through the Aleutian chain

WPAC:

- Gastropoda and Polyplacophora taxonomy workshop, December 5-9th 2006 in Jakarta, Indonesia
- Expansion of our high school team group: specifically two schools in Honshu Japan
- Development and installation of an aquarium display at the Kyoto University Aquarium for school age and general public education
- Participation in the university summer school course `integrated ecosystems from land to sea` offered by the National Universities of Japan.
- The creation and wide publication of student exchanges offered in the field of benthic taxonomic: Specifically between Japan and Southern Asia - funding to be requested from Nippon Foundation October 30 2007

ES:

- The promotion and use of NaGISA protocols as viable long-term monitoring programs throughout Europe using the Marine Laboratory Associations (MarBef, BIOMARE and MARS)
- Confirmation of the funding for the `Environmental Modulation of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Dynamics (EMBED)` proposal that was a result of the workshop in 2006.

CS:

- Integration of NaGISA CS sites with local universities and marine stations
- Extension of North West Florida high school group in to the Caribbean Seas via like collaborations with CS high schools.
- Presentation to the Association of Marine Laboratories of the Caribbean (annual meeting). This will be done with the intention of recruiting more sampling sites for the region.
- Meeting of the current participating members of NaGISA Caribbean (during the MLC annual meeting) to try and put together a proposal to get funding for the region

SAS:

- Integration of NaGISA SAS sites with local universities and marine stations
- Extension of North West Florida high school group in to the SAS regions via like collaborations with SAS high schools
- Reconnection to be made with researchers in Uruguay and follow up with researchers in Puerto Madryn and Ushuaia, Argentina
- Creation of a regional taxonomy caravan (identification of all echinoderms and macroflora) IO:
- The creation and wide publication of scholarships and student exchanges offered in the field of benthic taxonomy, specifically with South Africa (Cape town University) and India (Marine Institute of Mumbai)
- Confirmation of sites in Tanzania, Egypt, Comoros, Mauritius, and Reunion AO:
- Confirmation of sites and sampling assistance for sites along the Eastern North America seaboard
- Expansion of our high school team group: specifically 4 schools in Florida and South Carolina USA
- Engagement of researchers in Western Africa
- Increase the number of university classes using NaGISA monitoring efforts as part of their curriculum; Specifically in the USA and Canada proposal to Dalhousie and other universities along the Eastern Seaboard with connections in West Africa (DAL has an exchange program with the Gambia)
- Involvement of marine centers belonging to National Association of Marine Laboratories (NAML): co-run protocol/organization workshop in Friday Harbor Lab and conduct sampling

PS:

- Confirmation of sites and funding in the Antarctic (proposals submitted to NSF, others will be submitted to the British Antarctic Survey and the Australian Antarctic Division
- Confirmation of sites and funding in the Arctic (relations with programs involved in the Canadian Polar year).

4. EDUCATION & OUTREACH

Broad Spectrum/Open to the Public

- A photographic/taxonomic database <u>http://mar-inv.interface-design.jp/</u> Created by NaGISA and the Marine Learning Center as a tool for both researchers and the public to learn about taxonomy and to share resources that might otherwise not be accessible. The database went online this summer and is still fairly biased towards the Okinawa fauna. However, MLC now has the samples from NaGISA sampling throughout Japan, so the website will soon be much broader.
- An aquatic nematode digital library <u>http://www.gbif.net/</u> Created by collaboration between NaGISA and the Global Taxonomy Initiative (GTI), this library includes original descriptions and distribution patterns, and has been made available on the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF) portal site.
- An article appeared in the Sudcaliforniano Newspaper on 20/08/2006 titled Un Nuevo descubrimiento en el Pacifico Noreste on the discovery of 2 new Rhodolith species in the North East Pacific. This was followed with a scientific publication of the findings in the peer-reviewed scientific journal Botanica Marina 49: 355-359 (2006) entitled "Rhodolith bed: a newly discovered habitat in the North Pacific Ocean" by Brenda Konar, Rafael Riosmena-Rodriguez and Katrin Iken.

Postgraduate Level

Marine Decapoda and Stromatopoda taxonomy workshop - Lombok, Indonesia

The Marine Decapods and Stromatopods workshop was a success, held at Sheraton Senggigi in Lombok, Indonesia September 7-10, 2005. Over 20 participants from 5 countries (Indonesia, Thailand, Vietnam, Philippines, and Japan) learned how to collect, fix, identify, and take pictures of decapods and stomatopods under the supervision of Dr. Mohammad Kasim Moosa (LIPI, Indonesian Institute of Science). Full NaGISA field sampling was also done as part of the workshop at a new seagrass site in Kuta, Lombok.

Algal taxonomy workshop – Vancouver, Canada

Thirteen people attended from three different countries (Canada, US, Mexico) gathered at the University of British Columbia from May 27- 31, 2006. Pre-workshop sampling was conducted on Bath Island, which became the first NaGISA site in Canada. The voucher samples were deposited in *UBC* (University of British Columbia Herbarium) and *UAF Museum* (University of Alaska Fairbanks Museum). The workshop was organized and led by Dr. Sandra Lindstrom (UBC).

South American Protocol workshop- Caracas, Venezuela;

Organized by Universidad Simon Bolivar (Patricia Miloslavich and Elizabeth Huck) in January 16-19, 2006 at Morrocoy National Park, Venezuela. Dr. Brenda Konar from the University of Fairbanks acted as instructor along with Dr. Patricia Miloslavich and Dr. Juan Cruz from Universidad Simon Bolivar. A total of 17 scientists from different institutions in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, Jamaica, Peru, Uruguay, and Venezuela participated. For the workshop, two new sites were selected at Morrocoy National Park, Falcon State. The first was a seagrass bed at Las Luisas Bay and the second is a coral reef (Cayo Sal). Caribbean Protocol workshop - Discovery Bay, Jamaica;

Organized by Universidad Simon Bolivar (Juan Cruz) and Discovery Bay Marine Laboratory (Norman Quinn) from June 3 -7, 2006 in Discovery Bay, Jamaica. A total of 6 scientists from different institutions in Jamaica, Curacao, Trinidad, San Andrea Island (Colombia), Venezuela and Chile participated in this workshop. The samples from the new site in Discovery Bay have been included into the NaGISA database by the Jamaican team.

Indian Ocean Protocol workshop – Mombassa, Kenya

Hosted by the Kenyan Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (KMFRI) from June 26-30, 2006, 25 scientists attended from universities, research intuitions and non-governmental organizations in South Africa, Mozambique, Tanzania, Keya, Egypt, Comoros, Seychelles, Mauritius, India, Reunion and Venezuela. The resulting meeting and protocol workshop succeeded not only in sampling 2 new sites but also establishing contact with 11 potential sites, which have agreed to look for local funding so as to move forward.

European Protocol workshop – Pisa, Italy

The workshop was generally considered to be very successful and good progress was made in developing an integrated group and research program. The workshop was well attended, with a total of 27 participants representing 13 institutions (contact details available on request). The two main goals of the workshop were clarification of general objectives and sampling protocol of NaGISA project in order to assure comparability of data from the next sampling activities, and the development of a research proposal on drivers of change in marine coastal biodiversity.

University Level

Integration of NaGISA concepts and fieldwork into university curriculums: Students at Simon Bolivar University in Venezuela took an active role in both rocky shore and seagrass bed sampling as part of their marine field course, thus increasing the number of universities that use NaGISA as a teaching tool to 6 (in 3 countries, Venezuela, USA & Japan). This approach continues to be a great success as it acts as both a training ground for field researchers and as a cheap skilled labour source for NaGISA sites.

High School

High schools in America:

American and Japanese exchange students took part in fieldwork in Shirahama Japan, Florida USA, and Massachusetts USA

Niceville High school (Niceville Florida USA) had two poster presentations accepted for the NaGISA World Congress

- High schools in Europe: Italian highs school seniors join researchers from the University of Pisa at NaGISA sites in southern Italy
- High schools in Japan: American and Japanese exchange students took part in field work in Shirahama Japan, Florida USA, Massachusetts USA; three Japanese high schools groups joined Kyoto

University researchers in sampleing rocky shores and seagrass beds in Sendai, Japan. Junior High School

Nearshore Art Competition: Opened to Junior High students in Hyogo Prefecture Japan in an attempt to get them to relate to nearshore marine animals (i.e. to see beyond whales and dolphins). The winners will be announced and prizes given out at the NaGISA World Conference Public Lecture on October 15th 2006.

5. GEOGRAPHIC EXPANSION

Twenty -five sites reported using NaGISA sampling for the first time in 2006 and 10 more are scheduled to start in 2007, bringing the number of total sites sampled to over 100 (see below for a list, PLEASE do not refer to the names of the site managers without permission of NaGISA HQ). The intention is to continue this trend and to work with the sites that have proposals pending (see `in prep` listed in the list below) and on the areas where we have not been successful so far: Australia, New Zealand, Western Africa, North Eastern and Central North-West America, before starting to `fill in` the gaps between the sites in the already sampled areas.

NaGISA Western Pacific Region		
Russia, Vostok	Adrianov, Andrey	
Japan, Hokkaido, Akkeshi	Mukai, Hiroshi	
Japan, Hokkaido, Usujiri	Rigby, Robin	
Japan, Honshu, Takeno	Kawai, Hiroshi / Shirayama, Yoshihisa	
Japan, Honshu, Shirahama (Akihama)	Shirayama, Yoshihisa / Kato, Tetsuya	
Japan, Honshu, Shirahama (Minamihama)	Kato, Tetsuya	
Japan, Honshu, Shirahama (Uchinoura)	Kato, Tetsuya	
Japan, Shikoku, Kochi Usa	Shimode, Shinji	
Japan, Okinawa, Akijima (1-2)	Omori, Makoto / Iseto, Tohru	
Philippine, Mindoro, Puerto Galera Bay	del Norte-Campos, Annabelle	
Philippine, Palawan, Puerto Princesa Bay	del Norte-Campos, Annabelle	

List of Active NaGISA Sites presented according to Region

Indonesia, Lombok, Kuta	Susetiono	
Indonesia, Lombok, Mataram (1-2)	Susetiono	
Indonesia, East Kalimantan	Susetiono	
Indonesia, Bitung (1-2)	Susetiono	
Vietnam, Halong Bay (1-2)	Trong, Pham Dinh	
Vietnam, Tam Lagoon (1-2)	Trong, Pham Dinh	
Vietnam, Na Trang (1-2)	Trong, Pham Dinh	
Thailand, Phuket Banken (1-2)	Somchai, Bussarawit	
Thailand, Libong Island	Somchai, Bussarawit	
Malaysia, Sg Pulai (1-2)	Zulfigar, Yasin	
NaGISA Eastern Pacific Region		
USA, Kachemak Bay site (1~4)	Konar, Brenda	
USA, Kodiak Island site (1~4)	Konar, Brenda	
USA, Prince William Sound site (1~4)	Iken, Katrin	
USA, Aleutian (in prep)	Konar, Brenda	
Mexico North Central Baja Peninsula (1~6)	Edwards, Matt	
Mexico Southern Baja Peninsula (1~4)	Riosmena, Rafael	
Mexico Gulf of California (in prep)	Riosmena, Rafael	
Canada, Vancouver BC (1~2)	Chenelot, Heloise	
NaGISA Eu	ropean Seas	
Italy, Mediterranean Tuscany Archipelago	Benedetti-Cecchi, Lisandro	
Italy, Mediterranean Adriatic Sea	Benedetti-Cecchi, Lisandro	
Italy, Mediterranean Eastern Mediterranean (1-2)	Jaume, D	
Portugal (1-2)	Sousa Pinto, I	
North Sea (1-2)	Buchholz, F.	
Baltic Sea (1-2)	Weslawsky, J.M.	
UK Plymouth (1-2)	Hawkins, S.	
Crete (1-2)	Avanitidis, C & A. Eleftheriou	
NaGISA Polar Seas		
Antarctica, Palmer Station (in prep)	Iken, Katrin	
Antarctica, McMurdo Station (in prep)		
USA, Beaufort Sea- Boulder Patch (1~7)	Iken, Katrin	
Norway, Arctic site (1~3)	Weslawsky, J.M.	
NaGISA Indian Ocean		
India, Goa Southern site (1~3)	Thiruchitrambalam, Ganesh	
India (1-2)	Wafer, Mohideen	

Kenya, Gazi Bay	Kimani, Edward
Kenya, Shimoni	Kimani, Edward
South Africa, Langebaan Oostervaal (1-2)	Griffiths, Charles & Vanessa Marie Anastassiou
Seychelles (1-2) (in prep)	Shah, Nirmal Jivan & Jennifer Davis
Mozambique (1-2) (in prep)	Bandeira, Salomao
Reunion (in prep)	Bigot, Lionel & Nicole Gravier Bonnet
Mauritius (in prep)	Mussai, Prakash
Comoros (in prep)	Ibrahim, Yahaya
Egypt (in prep)	el Hag, Mohamed
Tanzania (in prep)	Kyewalyanga, Margareth & Rose Sallema
Western Australia (in prep)	
NaGISA Nor	th Atlantic
USA, Massachusetts Wallis Sands Site (in prep)	Olezko-Szuts, Susan
USA, Florida Destin's East Pass (1 - 2) *(Not SG or MA)	Hernandez, Richard
NaGISA Caribbo	ean Sea Region
Cuba, La Habana (1-2)	Ortiz, Manuel
Jamaica, Discovery Bay (1- 2)	Quinn, Norman
Colombia, San Andres Isla (1-2)	Abril, Alfredo
Curacao, Netherlands Antilles (1-2)	Piontek, Steve
Trinidad (1-2)	Gobin, Judith
Tobago (1-2)	Gobin, Judith
NaGISA South A	merican Region
Peru, Pisco (1-2)	Quiñe, Marina
Ecuador, Puntilla Santa Elena (1-2)	Cruz, Manuel
Colombia, Baha Chengue (Parque Tayrona)	Santodomingo, Nadia
Colombia, Islas del Rosario	Santodomingo, Nadia
Venezuela, Araya Peninsula, Lagunda de Bocaripo	Miloslavich, Patricia
Venezuela, Araya Peninsula, Isla Caribe (Chacopata)	Miloslavich, Patricia
Venezuela, Morrocoy	Cruz, Manuel
Venezuela, La Guaira	Cruz, Manuel
Brazil, Bahia	Couto, Erminda C. G.
Brazil, Parana (1 - 2)	da Cunha Lana, Paulo
Uruguay, Isla Lobos (1-2) (in prep)	Defeo, Omar
Argentina, Mar del Plata (1~3)	Penchaszapeh, Pablo
Argentina, Pto. Madryn (1-2) (in prep)	Van der Molen, Silvina
Argentina, Ushuaia (1-2) (in prep)	Tapella, Federico
Chile, Pinta Arenas (1-2)	Mutschke, Erika
Chile, Comao Fjord (1-2)	Forsterra, Gunter

(In prep implies that they are not in the water as of writing but have proposals pending)

6. PARTNERSHIPS & COLLABORATION

a. Partnerships

Organization Name	Point-of-Contact	Nature of Relationship
Global Taxonomic	Yoshihisa Shirayama	Co-coordination of databases and scientific
Initiative	Junko Shimura	capacity building in Southern Asia
JSPS multinational	Yoshihisa Shirayama	Joint organization of taxonomic and
program, "coastal		educational workshops in the western
oceanography"		Pacific region
US Minerals Management	Katrin Iken	NaGISA protocols are being adopted for
Service		monitoring MMS sites in the Beaufort Sea
GEM monitoring	Brenda Konar	NaGISA is currently identified as a player
		in the Alaskan Gulf Monitoring Program
Fulbright Memorial Fund	Kioko Jones (Fulbright)	High School exchange program organized
	Yoshihisa Shirayama	between Japan and the US has for 3 years
	(NaGISA)	annually had a NaGISA component.
Nippon Foundation	Yoshihisa Shirayama	Collaboration for improved scientific
		capacity in Southern Asia
WIOMSA (Western Indian	Kimani Edward, Robin	Collaboration for the promotion of coastal
Ocean Marine Science	Rigby	science in the Western Indian Ocean region.
Association)		
Mexican Science	Rafael Riosmena	Collaboration in the Gulf of Mexico:
Foundation (CONACYT) &		concerning environmental changes in the
SEMARNAT-CONACYT:		area and its long-term implications
CONABIO (Mexican	Rafael Riosmena	The Gulf of California databases are linked
agency for Biodiversity		to NaGISA. CONABIO and OBIS
MarBef	L. Benedetti-Cecchi	Use of the MarBef network to reach
		nearshore researchers through out Europe
DIVERSITAS Western	Yoshihisa Shirayama	DIWPA first published the NaGISA
Pacific and Asia (DIWPA)		manifesto and continues long arm support
Techno Ocean	Yoshihisa Shirayama	Assessment of new technologies that may
		be viable for nearshore monitoring
National Geographic	Matt Edwards	Support for sampling in California and Baja
MARS	L. Benedetti-Cecchi	Crossing networks to better reach nearshore
		researchers in Europe
BIOMARE	L. Benedetti-Cecchi	Collaborative sampling with BIOMARE
		researchers through out Europe
Marine Learning Center	Tohru Iseto	Co-creation of a taxonomic/photographic
		database
NAML (WAML)	Robin Rigby (Brenda	Identified spokes persons and organizers of
	Konar)	joint efforts

Project Name	Cross-Over Person(s)	Nature of Relationship	
ArcOD	Katrin Iken (NaGISA)	NaGISA helped set up the initial Arctic Ocean Diversity	
	Bodil Bluhm (Arctic)	workshop and publish the proceedings. Continued ties	
		including the use of NaGISA protocols as ArcOD	
		protocol & Joint taxonomic initiatives	
CeDeMAR		Both projects emphasis benthic taxonomy, and capacity	
		building. However, we have not finalized how we can	
		collaborate on this beyond student exchanges.	
Zooplankton		Ideally we will be able to hand over the coastal	
		zooplankton that we collect to Zoo Plankton, thus	
		enlarging their sphere of collection.	
Gulf of Maine	Lewis Incze, Evan	It is hoped that the Gulf of Maine nearshore component	
	Richert, Gerhard Phole	will be able to use NaGISA protocols	
CAML	Victoria Wadley, Katrin	The promotion of NaGISA protocols in the Antarctic	
	Iken	and the Southern Ocean region	
Microbes	Linda Amaral Zettler	NaGISA sites will be used to collect microbes;	
		however, we are still working on the practicalities of	
		this and have not yet set start date	
Coral Reefs	Hiroshi Fukami (Coral)	Both focused on coastal zones it has been suggested that	
		we share the same database and try to promote each	
		other's protocols.	
Bar Code of Life	Yoshihisa Shirayama,	Jointly benefit from a method of automated recognition	
	Katrin Iken	of nearshore taxa (image analyzers). We attended their	
		first meeting June 2006	
HMAP	Robin Rigby (NaGISA)	The History of the Nearshore project is our first joined	
	Ann Marboe (HMAP)	initiative and it is our mutual hope to that it will result in	
		the creation of a nearshore historical records database	
FMAP	Ram Myers (FMAP)	Various collaborative projects will happen between	
		FMAP and NaGISA researchers on an individual scale	
		but FMAP will have a hand in helping to design better	
		analyzing tools for the NaGISA database.	

b. Links to Other CoML Ocean Realm Projects

c. Links to CoML National and Regional Implementation Committees (NRICs)

NRIC	Liaison or personnel	Nature of Relationship
Australia		
Canada		
Caribbean	Patricia Miloslavich & Jaun Jose Cruz	Run the NaGISA South American and Caribbean Regional Groups (respectively) and are vital in our connections and activities in the area
China		
Europe	Carlo Heip & Bhavani Narayanaswamy	Carlo has been fundamental in getting NaGISA going in Europe and connections between the NRIC and NaGISA are maintained by Bhavani
Indian Ocean	Mohideen Wafer	Manages the NaGISA sites on the Indian sub content and is vital to our securing funding in the area

Japan	Yoshihisa Shirayama & Robin Rigby	NaGISA PI and Coordinator (respectively)
South America	Patricia Miloslavich	Run the NaGISA South American Regional Group
Sub-Saharan Africa	Charles Griffith	Manages the NaGISA sites in South Africa and has played /will play a large role in getting NaGISA off the ground in the region
USA	Daphne Fautin & Jo- Ann Leong	Has extended an invitation to help with improving our approach to the American scientific funding agencies (which we have not taken up yet) and to assist with our attempt to attract marine centers (respectively)

d. Liaisons to CoML Cross-Cutting Groups

Project Name	Liaison Name & Institution	Nature of the Relationship
OBIS	Robin Rigby (SMBL) & Brenda	Currently the data submission points
	Konar (UAF)	
HMAP	Robin Rigby (SMBL) Anne Marboe	Co-leader of the History of the Nearshore
	(UofR)	
FMAP	Yoshihisa Shirayama (SMBL)	Liaison
SCOR Tech Panel	Yoshihisa Shirayama (SMBL)	Liaison
E&O	Robin Rigby (Kyoto University)	Liaison
Barcoding	Yoshihisa Shirayama (SMBL), Katrin	Liaison, collaborators
	Iken (UAF)	

e. Effectiveness of the Partnerships and collaborations

We have yet to tap into the perceived strength of the cross cutting groups as we have yet to secure an understanding of what each does. This will improve as soon as the specific assistance that is to be provided by each can be identified and related to our members.